INTEGRATED DISPOSAL FACILITY APPENDIX 4A – SECTION 2 CRITICAL SYSTEMS TABLES & DATA SHEETS CHANGE CONTROL LOG

Change Control Logs ensure that changes to this unit are performed in a methodical, controlled, coordinated, and transparent manner. Each unit addendum will have its own change control log with a modification history table. The "**Modification Number**" represents Ecology's method for tracking the different versions of the permit. This log will serve as an up to date record of modifications and version history of the unit.

Modification History Table

Modification Date	Modification Number
03/31/2008	

WA7890008967 Hanford Facility RCRA Permit Dangerous Waste Portion

This page intentionally left blank.

WA7890008967 Integrated Disposal Facility

1	
2	APPENDIX 4A - SECTION 2
3	CRITICAL SYSTEMS TABLES & DATA SHEETS
1	
=	

1
2
3
4
5

This page intentionally left blank.

1		
2 3	APPENDIX 4A - SECTION 2 CRITICAL SYSTEMS TABLES & DATA SHEETS	
4		
5 6	TABLE OF CONTENTS	
7	02315 – Specification for Fill and Backfill	5
8	02319 – Specification for Subgrade Preparation	11
9	02371 – Table 1. Required Geotextile Properties	13
10	02373 – Table 1. Required Geonet Properties	14
11	02373 – Table 2. Required CDN Properties	14
12	02661 - Table 1. Required Geomembrane Properties 60-Mil Textured HDPE	15
13	02661 – Table 2. Required Seam Properties HDPE Geomembranes	16
14	11305-01 – Sump Pump Data Sheet	18
15	11305-02 – Sump Pump Data Sheet	19
16	11306-01 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet	20
17	11306-02 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet	22
18	11306-03 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet	24
19	11312-01 – Horizontal End Suction Centrifugal Pump Data Sheet	25
20		

1
2
3
4
5

This page intentionally left blank.

1 02315 - Specification for Fill and Backfill

- 2 Part 1 General
- 3 Work Included
- 4 This section describes placement and testing of fill and backfill in general areas of the site (including
- 5 stockpiles).
- 6 References
- 7 The following is a list of standards, which may be referenced in this section:

	~	·
8		ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)
9	ASTM D75	Standard Practice for Sampling Aggregates
10	ASTM D422	Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils
11 12	ASTM D698	Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³ (600 kN-m/m³))
13 14	ASTM D1140	Standard Test Method for Amount of Material in Soils Finer than the No. 200 (75 micrometer) Sieve
15 16	ASTM D1556	Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method
17 18	ASTM D2216	Standard Test Method for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass.
19 20	ASTM D2922	Standard Test Methods for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)
21 22	ASTM D3017	Standard Test Method for Water Content of Soil and Rock in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth)

- 23 Definitions
- 24 **Relative Compaction:** Ratio, in percent, of as-compacted field dry density to laboratory maximum dry
- density as determined in accordance with ASTM D698.
- Apply corrections for oversize material to maximum dry density.
- 27 **Optimum Moisture Content:** Determined in accordance with ASTM D698 specified to determine
- 28 maximum dry density for relative compaction.
- 29 **Prepared Ground Surface:** Ground surface after completion of required demolition, clearing and
- 30 grubbing, scalping of sod, stripping of topsoil, excavation to grade, and subgrade preparation.
- 31 **Completed Course:** A course or layer that is ready for next layer or next phase of Work.
- 32 **Lift:** Loose (uncompacted) layer of material.
- Geosynthetics: Geotextiles, geocomposites, geosynthetic clay liner, or geomembranes.
- Well-Graded: A mixture of particle sizes with no specific concentration or lack thereof of one or more
- 35 sizes.
- Does not define numerical value that must be placed on coefficient of uniformity, coefficient of curvature,
- 37 or other specific grain size distribution parameters.
- Used to define material type that, when compacted, produces a strong and relatively incompressible soil
- 39 mass free from detrimental voids.

- 1 **Influence Area:** Area within planes sloped downward and outward at 60-degree angle from horizontal
- 2 measured from:

4

- 1-foot outside outermost edge at base of foundations or slabs.
 - 1-foot outside outermost edge at surface of roadways or shoulder.
 - 0.5-foot outside exterior at spring line of pipes or culverts.
- 6 **Imported Material:** Materials obtained from sources offsite, suitable for specified use.
- 7 **Standard Specifications:** When referenced in this section, shall mean Standard Specifications for Road,
- 8 Bridge, and Municipal Construction, as published by the Washington State Department of Transportation,
- 9 2002 edition, English units.
- 10 **SLDS:** Secondary Leak Detection System.
- 11 **Permanent Stockpile**: Stockpile of material that remains at the completion of construction.
- 12 Submittals-Approval Required
- 13 See Section 01300, SUBMITTALS, for submittal procedures.
- 14 Submit gradation test results for all imported materials from independent testing laboratory as specified in
- paragraph SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL in Part 2.
- 16 **Stockpile Plan:** Prior to any excavation activities associated with construction of the IDF, Construction
- 17 General Contractor shall submit a Stockpile Plan for approval. The plan shall include the following
- 18 information:
- Scale drawing, using the project plans as a base, which shows the proposed location for stockpiles on the
- 20 project site. Show all access roads around stockpiles. Address stockpile locations during construction of
- the IDF and permanent stockpiles, which will remain upon completion of construction activities for this
- 22 project.
- 23 Stockpile layout drawings, which show the estimated location of toe of slope and top of slope for each
- 24 stockpile. Drawings shall show plan and typical sections and shall be fully dimensioned.
- 25 Plan shall show how differing materials encountered during the excavation will be segregated for future
- use. This includes material for use as topsoil, admix base soil, and operations layer. Also, show a
- 27 stockpile area for material to be used in the future as clean backfill during landfill operations by the Tank
- 28 Farm Contractor.
- 29 Method by which stockpile compaction will be achieved.
- 30 Dust control for the stockpiles during active use and until grass is established.
- 31 Placing of topsoil, seeding, fertilizing, and mulching each stockpile after active use of stockpile is
- 32 finished in accordance with Section 02920, RECLAMATION AND REVEGETATION.
- 33 Submittals-Approval Not Required
- 34 **Information/Record (IR):**
- 35 Qualifications of independent testing laboratory.
- Qualifications of construction quality control personnel.
- Construction quality control test reports
- 38 Sequencing and Scheduling
- 39 Complete applicable Work specified in Sections 02316, EXCAVATION, and 02319, SUBGRADE
- 40 PREPARATION, prior to placing fill or backfill.

1 Permit Requirements

- 2 A backfill and fill permit is required for each backfill and fill work element. Construction General
- 3 Contractor shall obtain from Tank Farm Contractor and post before starting backfill and fill work, as
- 4 specified in Division 1, General Requirements.

5 Construction Quality Assurance:

- 6 The Construction General Contractor shall accommodate all CQA activities described herein and in the
- 7 CPA Plan for this project. The CQA Plan is made part of these Specifications by reference.
- 8 The CQA Certifying Engineer shall determine in-place density and moisture content by any one or
- 9 combination of the following methods: ASTM D2922, ASTM D3017, ASTM D1556, ASTM D2216, or
- other methods approved by the Construction Manager.
- 11 Testing requirements and locations will be determined by the CQA Certifying Engineer. Construction
- General Contractor shall cooperate with the CQA Certifying Engineer and testing work by leveling small
- test areas designated by the CQA Certifying Engineer. Backfill test areas at Construction General
- 14 Contractor's sole expense. The CQA Certifying Engineer may have any material tested at any time,
- 15 location, or elevation.
- After Construction General Contractor makes repairs to any areas failing a test, the Construction General
- 17 Contractor shall rerun appropriate tests, subject to the approval of the CQA Certifying Engineer, to
- demonstrate the area meets specifications, at the Construction General Contractor's sole expense.
- 19 The following minimum test schedule shall be assumed. Additional tests may be required as directed by
- 20 CQA Certifying Engineer.
- 21 In-place density tests shall be made on the following minimum schedule:
- 22 **Earth fill:** One per 5,000 square feet (ft²) per lift.
- 23 **Structural Fill:** One per 2,500 ft² per lift.
- 24 Subgrade Preparation: Four per acre.
- Operations Layer (Outside Edge of Liner): One per 5,000 ft² per lift.
- 26 Operations Layer Material (SLDS): Two (2) per lift.
- 27 Standard Proctor (ASTM D698) laboratory density curves (five-point minimum) shall be performed for
- 28 each material by the CQA Certifying Engineer. Samples of native materials used for embankment and
- 29 backfill and samples of imported materials shall be taken at locations as specified by CQA Certifying
- 30 Engineer.
- 31 Gradation tests (sieve analysis) shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D422 on operations layer
- 32 material obtained from required excavations to demonstrate the materials meet the Specifications.
- 33 Samples of operations layer material shall be taken from each 10,000 cubic yards of placed material in
- 34 accordance with ASTM D75.

35 Part 2 – Products

- 36 Earthfill
- 37 Excavated material from required excavations and designated borrow sites, free from rocks larger than
- 4 inches in the greatest dimension, from roots and other organic matter, ashes, cinders, trash, debris, and
- 39 other deleterious materials.
- 40 Structural Fill
- 41 Structural fill adjacent to concrete structures shall be as specified in Section 02320, TRENCH
- 42 BACKFILL, for Pipe Bedding. Structural fill beneath concrete structures and beneath leachate storage
- tank shall conform to the requirements of Section 9-03 9(3) Crushed Surfacing-Top Course in the
- 44 Standard Specifications.

1 Operations Layer

- 2 Meeting the requirements of earthfill above and having a maximum of 25 percent by weight passing the
- 3 No. 200 U.S. sieve and a maximum particle size of 2 inches.
- 4 Drain Gravel
- 5 Material for drain gravel shall conform to the requirements of Section 9-03.12(4) of the Standard
- 6 Specifications except material shall be subrounded to rounded gravel. Crushed rock and angular gravel
- 7 shall not be allowed.
- 8 Crushed Surfacing
- 9 Material for crushed surfacing-base course and top course shall conform to the requirements in
- 10 Section 9-03 9(3) of the Standard Specifications.
- 11 Quarry Spalls
- 12 Quarry spalls shall consist of broken stone free from segregation, seams, cracks, and other defects tending
- 13 to destroy its resistance to weather and shall meet the following requirements for grading:
- Maximum Size: 8 inches
- 50 percent by weight shall be larger than 3 inches
- Minimum Size: 3/4 inch
- 17 Source Quality Control
- 18 Gradation tests performed in accordance with ASTM D422 by a qualified independent testing laboratory
- shall be made for imported materials on samples taken at place of production prior to shipment. Imported
- 20 materials shall not be shipped without submittal approval. Samples of the finished product for gradation
- 21 testing shall be taken from each 2,000 tons of prepared materials in accordance with ASTM D75. Test
- results shall be submitted to Construction Manager within 48 hours after sampling. Size distribution for
- 23 imported quarry spalls material shall be determined in accordance with one of the methods described in
- 24 ASTM D5519.
- 25 Base Soil
- As specified in Section 02666, ADMIX LINER.
- 27 WATER FOR MOISTURE CONDITIONING:
- See Section 02200, SITE PREPARATION, for raw water supply availability and requirements for proper
- 29 compaction.
- 30 Part 3 Execution
- 31 General
- 32 Keep placement surfaces free of water, debris, and foreign material during placement and compaction of
- fill and backfill materials.
- Place and spread fill and backfill materials in horizontal lifts of uniform thickness as specified in
- paragraphs BACKFILL UNDER AND AROUND STRUCTURES and FILL, in a manner that avoids
- 36 segregation, and compact each lift to specified densities prior to placing succeeding lifts. Slope lifts only
- 37 where necessary to conform to final grades or as necessary to keep placement surfaces drained of water.
- Do not place fill or backfill, if fill or backfill material is frozen, or if surface upon which fill or backfill is
- 39 to be placed is frozen.
- 40 **Tolerances:**
- 41 **Final Lines and Grades:** Within a tolerance of 0.1-foot unless dimensions or grades are shown or
- 42 specified otherwise.

- 1 Grade to establish and maintain slopes and drainage as shown. Reverse slopes are not permitted.
- 2 **Settlement:** Correct and repair any subsequent damage to structures, pavements, curbs, slabs, piping, and
- 3 other facilities, caused by settlement of fill or backfill material.
- 4 Backfill Under and Around Structures
- 5 **Under Facilities:** Backfill with earthfill or structural fill, as shown on the Drawings, for each structure or
- 6 facility. Place earthfill or structural fill in lifts of 6-inch maximum compacted thickness and compact
- 7 each lift to minimum of 95 percent relative compaction as determined in accordance with ASTM D698.
- 8 Fill

11

13

- 9 Outside Influence Areas Beneath Structures, Slabs, Piping, and Other Facilities: Unless otherwise
- shown, place earthfill as follows:
 - Allow for 6-inch thickness of topsoil where required.
- Maximum 8-inch thick lifts.
 - Place and compact fill across full width of embankment.
 - Compact to minimum 95 percent relative compaction.
- 15 Replacing Overexcavated Material
- Replace excavation carried below grade lines shown as follows:
- 17 **Beneath IDF Cell:** Earthfill as specified herein.
- Beneath Fill or Backfill: Same material as specified for overlying fill or backfill.
- 19 **Beneath Structures and Roadways:** Structural fill or earthfill as shown on the Drawings and specified
- 20 herein.
- 21 Topsoil
- 22 Place topsoil on areas disturbed by construction and on permanent stockpile slopes in accordance with
- 23 Section 02920, RECLAMATION AND REVEGETATION.
- 24 Stockpiling
- 25 Material shall be placed in permanent stockpiles as follows:
- 26 Place material in maximum 3-foot lifts and compact with a minimum four passes with earth-moving
- equipment. Uniformly route hauls truck traffic across the surface of each lift to aid in lift compaction.
- 28 Maximum slopes shall be 3H:1V. Minimum slopes shall be 3 percent to promote drainage.
- 29 Upper 2 feet of stockpile surface shall be placed in maximum 12-inch thick lifts and compacted to
- 30 minimum 90 percent relative compaction as determined in accordance with ASTM D698.
- 31 Place 6-inch thick layer of topsoil on completed slopes in accordance with Section 02920,
- 32 RECLAMATION AND REVEGETATION.
- Permanent stockpiles shall be seeded, fertilized, and mulched when each stockpile is completed and
- as directed by the Engineer in accordance with Section 02920, RECLAMATION AND
- 35 REVEGETATION.
- 36 Placing Crushed Surfacing
- 37 Place crushed surfacing base course and top course at locations shown on the Drawings. Placement shall
- 38 conform to Section 4-04.3 of the Standard Specifications.
- 39 Thickness of the drain gravel on the cell floor shall be a minimum of 1.0 foot (increase drain gravel
- 40 thickness in vicinity of LCRS collection and riser pipes as shown on drawings) and tolerances for the top
- of the drain gravel shall be grade to plus 0.2 foot.

- 1 Placing DRAIN GRAVEL and operations layer over geosynthetics:
- 2 Place material over geosynthetics as specified in Sections 02371, GEOTEXTILES; 02661,
- 3 GEOMEMBRANES; and 02667, GEOSYNTHETIC CLAY LINER (GCL).
- 4 Compaction requirements for drain gravel on the cell floor, around pipes, and the sumps are specified
- 5 in Section 02320, TRENCH BACKFILL.
- 6 Operations layer within lining system limits, except as specified for SLDS sump area, shall be placed
- 7 in 12-inch thick lifts and track-walked into place with a minimum two passes with a Caterpillar D6M-
- 8 LGP or equal. Operations layer material within SLDS sump area shall be placed in 12-inch thick lifts
- 9 and compacted to 90 percent relative compaction. Operations layer placed outside edge of liner, such
- as for shine berm, shall be placed in maximum 8-inch thick lifts and compacted to 95 percent relative
- 11 compaction.
- Place material to the lines and grades shown and compact by tracking a minimum two passes with
- spreading equipment. Thickness of the operations layer shall be a minimum 3 feet and tolerances for
- top of operations layer shall be grade to plus 0.3 foot.

15 Quarry Spalls Placement

- Quarry spalls shall be placed around the ends of stormwater pipes to provide erosion protection in
- accordance with the Plans and as directed by the Engineer. Quarry spalls shall be placed in such a
- manner that all relatively large stones are essentially in contact with each other and voids are filled with
- 19 the finer materials to provide a well graded compact mass. Finished surface shall be free from
- 20 irregularities. The stone shall be dumped on the ground in a manner that will ensure the stone attains its
- specified thickness in one operation. When dumping or placing, care shall be used to avoid damaging the
- 22 underlying material. Stone shall not be dumped from height greater than 12 inches above surface.
- 23 Material placement shall be started from the bottom of the installation, working toward edges. Geotextile
- 24 damaged during the placement of quarry spalls shall be repaired at Construction General Contractor's sole
- 25 expense.

26 Construction Quality Control

- 27 The Construction General Contractor shall perform in-place density and moisture content tests with own
- 28 qualified personnel or with a qualified independent testing laboratory as specified in paragraph
- 29 CONSTRUCTION OUALITY ASSURANCE, to be observed by the Construction Manager, on the
- 30 following minimum schedule:
- 31 Material Placed by Stockpile (Upper 2 Feet): One per 10,000 ft² per lift.
- 32 Construction General Contractor shall submit qualifications of personnel or independent testing
- laboratory that will perform construction quality control.
- 34 END OF SECTION 0231

1 02319 – Specification for Subgrade Preparation

- 2 Part 1 General
- 3 Work Included
- 4 This section describes requirements for preparation of subgrades in areas to receive fill.
- 5 References
- 6 The following is a list of standards, which may be referenced in this section:
- 7 ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)
- 8 ASTM D698 Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft³ (600 kN-m/m³))
- 10 Definitions
- 11 **Optimum Moisture Content:** As defined in Section 02315, FILL AND BACKFILL.
- 12 **Prepared Ground Surface:** Ground surface after completion of clearing and grubbing, scalping of sod,
- stripping of topsoil, excavation to grade, and scarification and compaction of subgrade.
- 14 **Relative Compaction:** As defined in Section 02315, FILL AND BACKFILL.
- 15 **SLDS:** Secondary Leak Detection System.
- 16 **Subgrade:** Layer of existing soil after completion of excavation to grade prior to placement of fill,
- 17 roadway structure, or base for floor slab.
- 18 **Proof Rolling:** Testing of subgrade as specified herein to identify soft or loose zones requiring
- 19 correction.
- 20 Sequencing and Scheduling
- 21 Complete applicable Work specified in Section 02316, EXCAVATION, prior to subgrade preparation.
- 22 Construction Quality Assurance
- 23 The CQA Certifying Engineer shall determine in-place density and moisture for subgrade preparation as
- specified in Section 02315, FILL AND BACKFILL, except for prepared subgrade for admix on
- sideslopes.
- 26 CQA requirements for geomembrane subgrade preparation are specified in Section 02661,
- 27 GEOMEMBRANES.
- 28 Part 2 Products (Not Used)
- 29 Part 3 Execution
- 30 General
- 31 Keep subgrade free of water, debris, and foreign matter during compaction or proof rolling.
- 32 Bring subgrade to proper grade and cross-section as shown on the Drawings, and uniformly compact
- 33 surface.
- 34 Maintain prepared ground surface in finished condition until next course is placed.
- 35 Prepared Subgrade for Roadway, Embankment, and Structures
- 36 After completion of excavation and prior to foundation, road fill, structural fill, or embankment
- 37 construction, compact prepared subgrade to 95 percent relative compaction. Scarify and moisture
- 38 condition subgrade soil as required to achieve specified compaction.

- 1 If soft or loose zones are found, correct as specified herein. Proof-roll subgrade with a fully loaded dump
- 2 truck or equal to detect soft or loose subgrade or unsuitable material.

3 <u>Landfill Bottom Floor Prepared Subgrade For Admix Liner</u>

- 4 Prior to admix liner placement, subgrade shall be back bladed to remove loose soil. Low spots or erosion
- 5 rills shall be backfilled with structural fill as specified herein. Compact prepared subgrade to 95 percent
- 6 relative compaction. Scarify and moisture condition subgrade soil as required to achieve specified
- 7 compaction. If soft or loose zones are found, correct as specified herein. Proof-roll subgrade with a
- 8 vibratory drum roller or equal to detect soft or loose subgrade or unsuitable material.

9 Landfill Sideslope (3H: 1V) Prepared Subgrade For Admix Liner

- Prior to admix placement, the subgrade shall be back bladed to remove all loose material produced by
- trimming operations. Low spots or erosion rills shall be backfilled with structural fill as specified herein.
- 12 The trimmed surface shall be watered so that moisture penetrates a minimum of 3 inches into the
- subgrade. The trimmed and watered surface shall be track-walked by D6-LGP dozer or equivalent with a
- minimum 4 passes to produce a firm and stable subgrade. Visual monitoring (no in-place density testing
- is required) of the subgrade preparation on sideslopes will be performed by the CQA Certifying Engineer.

16 Prepared Subgrade for Geomembrane (Secondary And SLDS) And Secondary GCI

- 17 At completion of SLDS excavation and grading (SLDS geomembrane) or admix liner placement
- 18 (secondary geomembrane and GCL), prepare the subgrade surface for geomembrane or GCL placement.
- 19 The surface shall not have holes, depressions more than 1 inch in a 12-inch width, nor protrusions
- 20 extending above the surface more than 1/2 inch. Roll surface with smooth-drum roller to form a firm
- stable base. Allow for leachate piping and sumps or features as shown on the Drawings.
- 22 Correction

23 **Soft or Loose Subgrade:**

- 24 Adjust moisture content and compact to meet density requirements, or
- Over excavate and replace with suitable material from the excavation, as specified in Section 02315,
- 26 FILL AND BACKFILL.
- 27 Unsuitable Material: Over excavate and replace with suitable material from the excavation, as specified
- 28 in Section 02315, FILL AND BACKFILL. Dispose of unsuitable material excavation in accordance with
- 29 Article DISPOSAL OF SPOIL in Section 02316, EXCAVATION.
- 30 END OF SECTION 02319

1 **02371 – Table 1. Required Geotextile Properties**

2 <u>Value^(a)</u>

Property	Unit	Type 1	Type 2	Test Method
Mass/Unit Area	oz/yd ²	6.0 ^(b)	12.0 ^(b)	ASTM D5261 or D3776
Apparent Opening	U.S. Sieve	70 max opening	_	ASTM D4751
Size ^(b)		100 min opening		
Grab Strength	lb	140	300	ASTM D4632
Trapezoidal Tear				
Strength	lb	70		110
ASTM D4533				
Puncture Strength	lb	65	135	ASTM D4833
Permittivity	sec-1	1.2	_	ASTM D4491
UV Resistance % strength	(500 hours)	retained 70	70	ASTM D4355

3 Notes:

^{4 (}a) All values are minimum average values, except as noted. (b) Nominal values.

02373 - Table 1. Required Geonet Properties 1

Property	Qualifier	Unit	Value	Test
Polymer Composition	Minimum	% polyethylene	95	
Resin Specific Gravity	Minimum	N/A	0.92	ASTM D1505
Carbon Black Content	Range	%	2 - 3	ASTM D1603 or D4218
Nominal Thickness	MARV	mils	250	ASTM D1777 or D5199
Nominal Transmissivity ⁽¹⁾	MARV	m ² /sec	3 x 10 ⁻³	ASTM D4716

2 3

02373 - Table 2. Required CDN Properties

Property	Qualifier	Unit	Value	Test
Ply Adhesion	ARV	lb/in	1.0	ASTM D413 or GRI-GC7
Transmissivity ⁽¹⁾	MARV	m ² /sec	5 x 10 ⁻⁴	ASTM D4716

- 4 Notes:
- 5 MARV = Minimum Average Roll Value.
- 6 ARV = Average Roll Value.
- $^{(1)}$ The design transmissivity is the hydraulic transmissivity of the CDN measured using water at 70 degrees F ± 3 degrees F with a
- 7 8 9 hydraulic gradient of 0.1, under the compressive stress of 10,000 psf. Transmissivity value shall be measured between two steel
- plates 15 minutes after application of the confining stress in the machine direction.

02661 - Table 1. Required Geomembrane Properties 60-Mil Textured HDPE 1

Specified Property	Qualifier	Unit	Value	Test Method
Physical Properties	ı	l		1
Thickness	min. avg. value	mils	60	ASTM D5994
	minimum		54	ASTM D5994
Specific Gravity	minimum	`N/A	0.932	ASTM D1505
Melt Index	range	g/10 min	<1.1	ASTM D1238 condition 190/2.16
Asperity	min avg. value ¹	mils	10	GRI-GM12
Mechanical Properties	,	•	1	1
Tensile Properties	(each direction)		(Type IV)	ASTM D638
Strength at yield	min. avg. value	lb/in	120	
Elongation at yield ²	min. avg. value	%		12
Tear Resistance	min. avg. value	lb	42	ASTM D1004
Puncture Resistance	min. avg. value	lb	80	ASTM D4833
Carbon Black Content	Range	%	2-3	ASTM D1603 or D4218
Carbon Black Dispersion	Minimum ⁱ 8 of 10	category	1 or 2	ASTM D5596
Environmental Stress	-	•	1	
Crack	minimum ³	hrs	200	ASTM D5397

 $^{^{1}}$ Of 10 readings, 8 out of 10 must be greater or equal to 7 mils, and lowest individual reading must be greater or equal to 5 mils. Provide data for both sides of textured geomembrane.

² Yield elongation is calculated using a gauge length of 1.3 inches.

² 3 4 5 ³ Minimum = mean minus 3 standard deviations from documented manufacturer's quality control (MQC) testing. 6

1 02661 - Table 2. Required Seam Properties HDPE Geomembranes

Property	Qualifier	Unit	Specified Value	Test Method
Shear Strength ¹	minimum	lb/in width	90% of tensile strength at yield as listed in tables in this section	ASTM D6392
Peel Adhesion	minimum	lb/in width	60% of tensile strength at yield as listed in tables in this section and FTB ²	ASTM D6392

¹Also called "Bonded Seam Strength".

³ 2 FTB = Film Tear Bond (failure occurs through intact geomembrane, not through seam).

1	Geomembrane Installer's Certification of	Subsurface Acceptability
2 3 4 5 6	are acceptable for installation of the HDPE g	ereby certifies that the supporting prepared subgrade surfaces geomembrane lining system, the undersigned having astructed surfaces. This certification is for the areas shown on
7 8	The condition of the supporting surfaces in to for installation of the geomembrane.	he defined area meets or exceeds the minimum requirements
9	Signed:	Signed:
10 11 12	Geomembrane Installer	Construction General Contractor
13 14	Date Signed	Date Signed

1	11305-01 – Sump Pump Data Sheet			
2	Tag Numbers: 219A-LH-P-207, 219E-LH-P-207			
3	Pump Locations and I.D.: Buildings 219	A and 219E, Con	nbined Sump Pump	
4 5 6		1) <u>Hydromatic Pu</u> 2) <u>Barnes</u> 3) <u>Or approved ec</u>	mp Co., Model SB3S	
7	Service Conditions			
8 9	Liquid Pumped (Material and Percent): Leachate from low-level radioactive waste disposal facility and rain/snow melt			oosal facility and
10	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenheit): No	ormal: <u>55</u>	Max: <u>130</u>	Min: <u>27</u>
11	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F:	1.0	Viscosity Range: <u>N/A</u>	pH: <u>5.0-9.3</u>
12	Abrasive (Y/N): (fine/coarse soil particle	es)	Possible Scale Buildup (Y/N	V): <u>Y</u>
13	Total suspended solids (mg/L): 200 (esti	mated)		
14	Largest diameter solid pump can pass (in-	ches): <u>0.5</u>		
15	Performance Requirements			
16 17 18 19 20 21	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: <u>250</u> Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated: <u>19</u> Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft): <u>50</u> Min. Rated Pump Hydraulic Efficiency a Max. Pump Speed at Rated Capacity (rpt Constant (Y/N): <u>Y</u>		· · · · · ·	
22	Design and Materials			
23	Pump Type: Heavy-Duty Nonclog (Y/N)	<u>Y</u>		
24	Volute Material: <u>Cast Iron AST</u>	<u>M A48</u>		
25	Pump Casing Material: <u>Cast Iron AST</u>	<u>M A48</u>		
26	Motor Housing Material: Cast Iron ASTM A48			
27	Induction Drive Motor			
28	Horsepower: <u>0.30</u> Voltage: <u>460</u>	Phase: 3 S	peed (rpm): <u>1,750</u>	
29	Service Factor: <u>1.15</u> Inverter Duty (Y	/N): <u>N</u>		
30	Motor nameplate horsepower shall not be	e exceeded at any	head-capacity point on the pr	ump curve.
31	Enclosure: Explosion-proof, submersible	e, Class 1, Div. 1	or Div. 2, Groups C and D	

1	11305-02 – Sump Pump Data Sheet		
2	Tag Numbers: 219A-LH-P-205, 219E-LH-P-205		
3	Pump Locations and I.D.: Buildings 219A and 219E, Floor Sump		
4	Manufacturer and Model Number: (1) <u>Hydromatic Pump Co.</u>		
5	(2) <u>Barnes</u>		
6	Service Conditions		
7	Liquid Pumped: <u>Leachate from low-level radioactive</u>	e waste disposal facility	
8	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenheit): Normal: <u>55</u>	Max: <u>130</u>	Min: <u>27</u>
9	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F: 1.0	Viscosity Range: N/A	pH: <u>5-9.3</u>
10	Abrasive (Y/N): Y (fine/coarse soil particles) Possible Scale Buildup (Y/N): Y		
11	Total suspended solids (mg/L): 200 (estimated)		
12	Largest diameter solid pump can pass (inches): <u>0.5</u>		
13	Performance Requirements		
14	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: 28		
15	Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated: 14		
16	Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft): <u>30</u>		
17	Min. Rated Pump Hydraulic Efficiency at Rated Capa	acity (%): 45	
18	Max. Pump Speed at Rated Capacity (rpm): 1,750		
19	Constant (Y/N): (Y/N):		
20	Design and Materials		
21	Pump Type: Heavy-Duty Nonclog (Y/N): \underline{Y}		
22	Volute Material: Cast Iron ASTM A48		
23	Pump Casing Material: Cast Iron ASTM A48		
24	Motor Housing Material: Cast Iron ASTM A48		
25	Induction Drive Motor		
26	Horsepower: <u>0.30</u> Voltage: <u>460</u>	Phase: 3	Speed (rpm): <u>1,750</u>
27	Service Factor: 1.15 Inverter Duty (Y/N)	: <u>N</u>	
28	Motor nameplate horsepower shall not be exceeded a	at any head-capacity point	on the pump curve.
29	Enclosure: Submersible		

1	11306-01 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet		
2	Tag Numbers: 219A-LH-P-202, 219E-LH-P-202		
3	Pump Locations and I.D.: <u>Cell 1 LCRS Sump, Low Flow</u>		
4	Cell 2 LCRS Sump, Low Flow		
5	Manufacturer and Model Number: (1) EPG Companies; Model WSD 3-3		
6	(2) Or equal		
7	Service Conditions		
8	Liquid Pumped (Material and Percent): <u>Leachate from low-level radioactive waste landfill</u>		
9	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenheit): Normal: <u>55 F</u> Max: <u>130 F</u> Min: <u>27 F</u>		
10	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F: 1.0 Viscosity Range: NA pH: 5.0-9.3		
11	Abrasive (Y/N): Y (infrequent fine soil particles) Possible Scale Buildup (Y/N): Y		
12	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l): 200 (estimated)		
13	Performance Requirements at Primary Design Point		
14	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: 13		
15	Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated: <u>66</u>		
16	Min. Hydraulic Efficiency (%): <u>60</u>		
17	Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft): 90		
18	Max. Pump Speed at Design Point (rpm): 3,450		
19	Constant (Y/N) : \underline{Y} Adjustable (Y/N) : \underline{N}		
20			
21			

1	Design and Materials		
2	Design: Wheeled enclosure frame	Back P	ullout (Y/N): Y
3	Discharge Orientation: Center		
4	Casing Materials: <u>Type 304 SST</u>		
5	Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA	_	Material: NA
6	Impeller: Type: Closed	_	Material: Type 304 SST
7	Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y	_	Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal
8	Shaft Material: Type 304 SST	_	Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal
9	Shaft Seal: Y		Ring Material: <u>E-Glide or equal</u> Lubrication: <u>Fluid</u>
10	AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA		Lubrication: <u>NA</u>
11	Drive Type: <u>Direct Coupled</u>		
12	Induction Drive Motor		
13	Horsepower: <u>0.5</u> Voltage:	<u>460</u>	Phase: <u>3</u>
14	Speed (rpm): <u>3,450</u>		
15	Service Factor: 1.15 Inverter	Duty (Y/N): <u>N</u>
16	Motor nameplate horsepower shall not be	excee	ded at any head-capacity point on the pump curve.
17	Enclosure: Submersible		
18			

1	11306-02 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet			
2	Tag Numbers: <u>219A-LH-P-203</u> , <u>219E-LH-P-203</u>			
3	Pump Location and I.D.: Cell	LCRS Sump, High	Flow	
4	<u>Cell 2</u>	2 LCRS Sump, High	<u>Flow</u>	
5	Manufacturer and Model Number: (1) EPG Companies; Model WSD 30-4			
6	(2) Or equal			
7	Service Conditions			
8	Liquid Pumped (Material and Percent): <u>Leachate from low-level radioactive waste landfill</u>			<u>ïll</u>
9	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenhei	t): Normal: <u>55 F</u>	Max: <u>130 F</u>	Min: <u>27 F</u>
10	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F:	<u>1.0</u>	Viscosity Range: NA	pH: <u>5.0-9.3</u>
11	Abrasive (Y/N): Y (infrequent fin	ne soil particles)	Possible Scale B	uildup (Y/N): Y
12	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l): 2	00 (estimated)		
13	Performance Requirements at	Primary Design Po	<u>int</u>	
14	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: 155		_	
15	Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated:	118	<u> </u>	
16	Min. Hydraulic Efficiency (%): 6	0	_	
17	Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft):	208	<u> </u>	
18	Max. Pump Speed at Design Poin	t (rpm): 3,450		
19	Constant (Y/N) : \underline{Y} Adjustable (Y/N) : \underline{N}			
20				

Design and Materials 1 2 Design: Wheeled enclosure frame (Y/N): \underline{Y} 3 Discharge Orientation: Center 4 Casing Materials: Type 304 SST 5 Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA 6 Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST 7 Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic), or equal 8 Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic), or 9 equal 10 Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid 11 AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA 12 Drive Type: <u>Direct Coupled</u> 13 **Induction Drive Motor** 14 Horsepower: 7.5 Voltage: <u>460</u> Phase: 3 15 Speed (rpm): <u>3,450</u> 16 Service Factor: 1.15 Inverter Duty (Y/N): N 17 Motor nameplate horsepower shall not be exceeded at any head-capacity point on the pump curve. Enclosure: Submersible 18 19

1	11306-03 – Leachate Pump Data Sheet		
2	Tag Numbers: 219A-LH-P-204, 219E-LH-P-204		
3	Pump Locations and I.D.: Cell 1 LDS Sump		
4	Cell 2 LDS Sump		
5	Manufacturer and Model Number: (1) EPG Companies; Model WSD 1.5-3		
6	(2) Or equal		
7	Service Conditions		
8	Liquid Pumped (Material and Percent): <u>Leachate from low-level radioactive waste landfill</u>		
9	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenheit): Normal: <u>55 F</u> Max: <u>130 F</u> Min: <u>27 F</u>		
10	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F: 1.0 Viscosity Range: NA pH: 5.0-9.3		
11	Abrasive (Y/N) \underline{Y} (infrequent fine soil particles) Possible Scale Buildup (Y/N) : \underline{Y}		
12	Total Suspended Solids (mg/l): 200 (estimated)		
13	Performance Requirements at Primary Design Point		
14	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: 4		
15	Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated: <u>65</u>		
16	Min. Hydraulic Efficiency (%): <u>60</u>		
17	Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft): <u>80</u>		
18	Max. Pump Speed at Design Point (rpm): 3.450		
19	Constant (Y/N) : \underline{Y} Adjustable (Y/N) : \underline{N}		
19 20	Constant (Y/N): \underline{Y} Adjustable (Y/N): \underline{N} Design and Materials		
	• • • •		
20	Design and Materials		
20 21	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y		
20 21 22	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center		
20 21 22 23	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST		
2021222324	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA		
202122232425	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Design and MaterialsDesign: Wheeled enclosure frameBack Pullout (Y/N): YDischarge Orientation: CenterCasing Materials: Type 304 SSTCase Wear Ring (Y/N): NAMaterial: NAImpeller: Type: ClosedMaterial: Type 304 SSTImpeller Wear Ring (Y/N): YMaterial: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equalShaft Material: Type 304 SSTShaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equalShaft Seal: YRing Material: E-Glide or equal		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA Drive Type: Direct Coupled Induction Drive Motor		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA Drive Type: Direct Coupled Induction Drive Motor Horsepower: 0.5 Voltage: 460 Phase: 3		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Design and Materials Design: Wheeled enclosure frame Back Pullout (Y/N): Y Discharge Orientation: Center Casing Materials: Type 304 SST Case Wear Ring (Y/N): NA Material: NA Impeller: Type: Closed Material: Type 304 SST Impeller Wear Ring (Y/N): Y Material: E-Glide (engineered plastic) or equal Shaft Material: Type 304 SST Shaft Sleeve Material: E-Glide or equal Shaft Seal: Y Ring Material: E-Glide or equal Lubrication: Fluid AFBMA B-10 Bearing Life (Hrs): NA Lubrication: NA Drive Type: Direct Coupled Induction Drive Motor Horsepower: 0.5 Voltage: 460 Phase: 3 Speed (rpm): 3,450		

1 2	Tag Numbers:			
3	Pump Name:			
4	Manufacturer and Model Number: (1)			
5	(2)			
6	Service Conditions:			
7	Liquid Pumped (Material and Percent):			
8	Pumping Temperature (Fahrenheit): Normal: <u>55</u> Max: <u>130</u> Min: <u>27</u>			
9	Specific Gravity at 60 Degrees F: 1.0 Viscosity Range: N/A pH: 5.0-9.3			
10	Abrasive (Y/N) : Y (fine soil particles) Possible Scale Buildup (Y/N) : Y			
11	Total suspended solids (mg/L): 200 (estimated)			
12	Largest diameter solid pump can pass (inches): .25			
13	Performance Requirements at Primary Design Point			
14	Capacity (US gpm): Rated: 250			
15	Total Dynamic Head (Ft): Rated: 25			
16	Min. Hydraulic Efficiency (%): 75			
17	Maximum Shutoff Pressure (Ft): 40			
18	Max. Pump Speed at Design Point (rpm): 1,750			
19	Constant (Y/N) : Y Adjustable (Y/N) : N			
20	Design and Materials			
21	ANSI (Y/N) : \underline{Y} Design: Frame-mounted (Y/N) : \underline{Y}			
22	Close-Coupled Casing (Y/N): \underline{N} Back Pullout (Y/N): \underline{Y}			
23	Discharge Orientation: 12:00 Rotation (view from end coupling): <u>CW</u>			
24	Shaft Seal: Packing (Y/N): <u>N</u>			
25	Mechanical (Y/N):			
26	Lubrication: Process Water			
27	Drive Type: Direct-Coupled: Belt Adjustable Speed			
28	Induction Drive Motor			
29	Horsepower: Voltage: Phase: Speed (rpm): <u>1,750</u>			
30	Service Factor: 1.15 Inverter Duty (Y/N):			
31	Motor nameplate horsepower shall not be exceeded at any head-capacity point on the pump curve.			
32	Enclosure: Totally enclosed fan cooled			
33	Mounting Type: Horizontal Nonreverse Ratchet (Y/N):			
34	Testing			
35	Pump Tests: Factory Functional (Y/N): Field Performance (Y/N): N			
36	Factory Hydrostatic Casing Pressure Test (Y/N):			
37	Field Functional (Y/N): Field Performance (Y/N):			
38	Field Vibration (Y/N): <u>N</u>			

1
2
3
4
5

This page intentionally left blank.